

**Listing of Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended): A printed wiring board comprising an odd number  $n$  of conductive layers which are built up via a same odd number of insulating layers respectively and are electrically connected to one another via through holes;

wherein the first conductive layer on which an electronic component is to be mounted and leads electric currents in and out of the electronic component; an  $n$ -th conductive layer is an external connecting layer for connecting external connecting terminals which conduct electric currents in and out of the printed wiring board; a second to  $(n-1)$ -th conductive layers are current transmitting layers for transmitting internal currents of the printed wiring board; a first to  $(n-1)$ -th insulating layers has at least one of the through holes with a plating film formed on the wall of the at least one of the through holes to connect the conductive layers; and a surface of the  $n$ -th conductive layer is covered with an  $n$ -th and outermost insulating layer with external connecting terminals being exposed, and wherein a central insulating layer of the odd number of insulating layers prevents warping from occurring in the printing wiring board, wherein the at least one of the through holes of each of said first to  $(n-1)$  -th insulating layers except for the central insulating layer is formed using a laser beam.

2. (Original) The printing wiring board according to Claim 1, wherein the external connecting terminals are solder balls.

3. (Currently amended) A method of manufacturing a printed wiring board having an odd number  $n$  of conductive layers which are built up with a same odd number of insulating layers respectively and are electrically connected to one another by first interconnecting through holes, the method comprising the steps of:

interposing the insulating layers between a second to n-th conductive layers respectively and also forming first interconnecting through holes for electrically connecting the conductive layers to one another;

laminating a first prepreg and a copper foil on a surface of the second conductive layer, laminating a second prepreg on a surface of the n-th conductive layer, and simultaneously press-bonding the first and second prepregs, the copper foil, the second to n-th conductive layers, and the insulating layers to form a multilayer substrate having an odd number n of insulating layers, wherein the second to n-th conductive layers are internal layers of the multilayer substrate;

etching the copper foil to form a first conductive layer;

forming second interconnecting through holes in a first insulating layer using a laser beam and forming connecting holes in an n-th insulating layer using the laser beam respectively;

forming a metal plating film for electrically connecting the first conductive layer with a second conductive layer on the walls of the second interconnecting through holes of the first insulating layer; and

connecting external connecting terminals to a surface of the n-th conductive layer exposed through the first connecting through holes of the n-th insulating layer.

4. (Currently amended) A printed wiring board comprising an internal insulating substrate having a conductor circuit formed on a surface thereof, an internal insulating layer laminated on the surface of the internal insulating substrate, and an external insulating layer laminated on a surface of the internal insulating layer, the internal insulating layer and the external insulating layer having an internal conductor circuit and an external conductor circuit respectively;

wherein the internal insulating layer comprising two or more internal insulating layers of glass cloth-reinforced prepreg containing 30 to 70 % by weight of glass cloth, and wherein the external insulating layer comprises synthetic resins and inorganic fillers or synthetic resin single substances, and wherein the external insulating layer has at

least one through hole with a plating film formed on a wall of the at least one through hole, wherein the at least one through hole is formed using a laser beam.

5-6. (Cancelled)

7. (Currently amended) A method of manufacturing a printed wiring board having a plurality of conductive layers which are built up via insulating layers respectively and are electrically connected to one another by interconnecting through holes, the method comprising the steps of:

forming conductive layers on a plurality of insulating layers respectively, wherein each of the insulating layers is selected from a group comprising resin base materials containing synthetic resin single substance, resin base materials containing synthetic resins and inorganic fillers, and cloth base materials containing synthetic resins and inorganic cloth;

laminating and press-bonding the resulting insulating layers to form a multilayer substrate;

irradiating a laser beam on the multilayer substrate at interconnecting through hole-forming portions to define interconnecting through holes through the insulating layers with bottoms defined by the conductive layers;

covering the walls of the interconnecting through holes with metal plating films;  
and

fusing solder balls against the interconnecting through holes and filling them with solder.

8-9. (Cancelled)

10. (Previously presented) The method of manufacturing a printed wiring board according to any of Claim 7, wherein the insulating layers are flexible films made of a glass fiber-reinforced resin.

11-14. (Cancelled)

15. (Currently amended) A printed wiring board comprising:  
an insulating substrate having at least one interconnecting through hole  
penetrating the insulating substrate and formed using a laser beam;  
an annular pad disposed along a peripheral edge of a first opening of the  
interconnecting through hole so as not to cover the first opening;  
a covering pad covering a second opening of the interconnecting through hole;  
a conductor circuit connected to the covering pad;  
a metal plating film electrically connecting the annular pad and the covering pad,  
the metal plating film covering a wall of the interconnecting through hole and the bottom  
of the interconnecting through hole defined by the covering pad; and  
a solder ball for external connection bonded on a surface of the annular pad at a  
position offset from the interconnecting through hole.

16-17. (Cancelled)

18. (Previously presented) The printed wiring board according to claim 15,  
wherein the surface of the insulating substrate is covered with a solder resist.

19-20. (Cancelled)

21. (Previously Presented) The printed wiring board according to claim 1,  
wherein each of the insulating layers is selected from a group comprising epoxy resins,  
phenol resins, polyimide resins, polybutadiene resins, and fluororesins.

22. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 3, wherein the odd  
number n of insulating layers include a central insulating layer within a second to n-th  
insulating layers.

23. (Cancelled)

24. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 3, wherein said forming the first interconnecting through holes includes forming at least two interconnecting through holes in a central insulating layer of the odd number of insulating layers that is connected to another of one the first interconnecting through holes or the second interconnecting through hole.

25. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 3, wherein each of the insulating layers is selected from a group comprising epoxy resins, phenol resins, polyimide resins, polybutadiene resins, and fluororesins.

26. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 7, wherein the inorganic fillers are selected from a group comprising glass short fibers, silica, mica, alumina, and carbon.

27. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 7, wherein the cloth base materials are selected from a group comprising glass-fiber cloth, carbon cloth, and aramid cloth.

28. (Previously Presented) The printed wiring board according to claim 15, wherein the solder ball is located in alignment with the central axis of the interconnecting through hole.

29. (Previously Presented) The printed wiring board according to claim 15, wherein the solder ball is located at a position offset from the interconnecting through hole.

30. (New) A printed wiring board comprising:

a first conductive layer that is a layer on which an electronic component is to be mounted;

a second conductive layer that is a layer on which external connecting terminals are to be mounted; and

a plurality of insulating layers provided between the first and second conductive layers and containing glass fibers, wherein the plurality of insulating layers includes a central insulating layer having a first through hole, and at least one other insulating layer having a second through hole formed using a laser beam.

31. (New) A printed wiring board comprising:

a first conductive layer that is a layer on which an electronic component is to be mounted;

a second conductive layer that is a layer on which external connecting terminals are to be mounted; and

a plurality of insulating layers provided between the first and second conductive layers and containing glass fibers, wherein the plurality of insulating layers include a central insulating layer having a first through hole with a first plating film formed on a wall of the first through hole, and at least one other insulating layer having a second through hole with a second plating film formed on a wall of the second through hole, wherein the second through hole is formed using a laser beam.